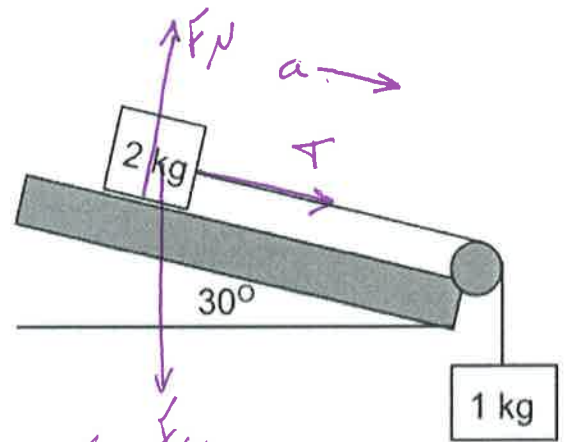


Big Exam #5,

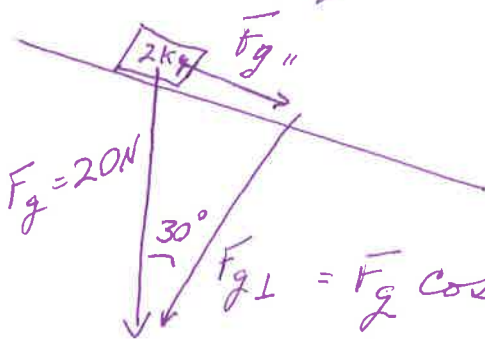
Peto

- #1 The system at right is started from rest. The coefficient of friction is 0.3. The strings and pulleys are massless and frictionless. I let the system go from rest. $v_0 = 0$
- Find the force of friction on the 2 kg mass.
 - Find the tension in the string.... Will you need to find something else along the way?



a) This is a dynamics Problem

because $F_f = \mu F_N$ so I need the normal force. $\sum \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$, so $\sum F_{\perp} = ma_{\perp} = 0$ we are in equilibrium in the \perp direction



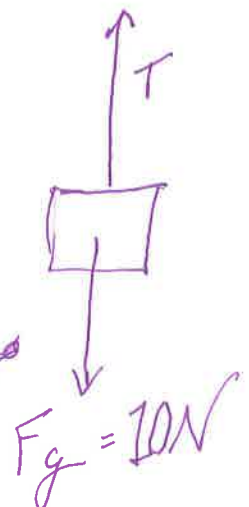
so $F_N + F_{g\perp} = 0 \quad F_N \approx 17.4 N$

$F_f = \mu F_N \approx .3 \times 17.4 N = 5.22 N \approx 5.2 N$

b) To find Tension, I see this is a dynamics Problem because T is a force acting between each block. I choose to look at the 1 kg Block $\sum F_y = ma_y = ? \quad T - F_g = ma; \quad T = ma + F_g$

so if the system is at equilibrium, $T = F_g$. This could happen if F_f is really big, but I think the system is accelerating downward, so $T < 10N$.

\Rightarrow I must find acceleration.



I can find \vec{a} 3 ways:

- 1) using conservation of energy $\rightarrow V_f \rightarrow V_a \rightarrow \Delta t \rightarrow a$
- 2) using dynamics using $\sum \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$ for each mass and solving the simultaneous equations.
- 3) using dynamics on the system.

$$\sum F_s = M_s a_s$$

I choose #3

Dynamics. The system is accelerating in this \Rightarrow direction

so I take all the \parallel components +

I don't really need a $\sum \vec{F}$ diagram to see $F_f \perp$ the other forces.

$$\sum F_s = M_s a_s$$

$$\ominus F_f + F_{\parallel(2kg)} + F_{g(1kg)} = (2kg + 1kg) a_s$$

$$-5.2N + 10N + 10N = 3kg a_s$$

$$14.8N = 3kg a_s$$

$$a_s \approx 4.9 \text{ m/s}^2$$

so $\sum F$ on the 10kg mass = $ma = 4.9N \downarrow$

So Tension must be 5.1N upward.

